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THE JERUSALEM POST

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MARGINAL COLUMN

By NISSIM REJWAN

POLITICS indeed makes strange bedfellows. Last week's news that the three Arab kings — Saud of Saudi Arabia, Feisal of Iraq and Hussein of Jordan — were to meet shortly, probably in Baghdad, to discuss "latest developments in the Arab world," represents a most unusual development in this part of the world. The Saudi-Hashemite feud is of long standing: it dates back to some 35 years ago, when Ibn Saud, father of the present ruler of Saudi Arabia, drove the Sherif Hussein, grandfather of the two Hashemite kings, out of the Hejaz. That Colonel Abdul Nasser should have succeeded in bringing these three rulers together is a measure of the failure of his own schemes for the area: what he has made to appear as his arch enemies, the Baghdad Pact and the Eisenhower Doctrine, now come together in the persons of the Iraqi and Saudian rulers who have come to symbolize respectively these two Nasserist bogeys. It is an achievement for which the Egyptian dictator must take all the credit, though it is not exactly the kind of development which he has been promising his followers.

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THE new alignment has been in the offing for almost three months. Behind it were the losses sustained by both Saudia and Iraq as a result of the suspension of their oil supplies to Europe following the Suez operation, and the realization on the part of King Hussein of the danger which pro-Nasser elements in Jordan constituted to his throne and person. Hussein's sudden flight to Riadh last week for talks with Saud no doubt afforded an opportunity for some plain speaking on the subject, notwithstanding the reiteration by the two rulers of their "continued adherence" to the policy of the four "liberated" Arab countries. The announcement issued after the meeting is in fact itself evidence of the worth of that assertion. The communique spoke of the two countries' identification with the "six principles laid down at the meeting in Cairo last February of the four Arab states — Egypt, Syria, Saudi Arabia and Jordan;" later in the week, an official spokesman in Amman rejected "foreign interpretations of the recent developments in Jordan" and did not omit to cite the six principles as still being the ones on which Jordan's policies are based, though he did not take the trouble to elaborate on them.

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WHAT are these famous principles? After prolonged and no doubt heated discussions during the three-day "summit" conference in Cairo between Abdul Nasser, Saud, Kuwatly and Hussein (February 25-27) a communique was issued announcing that "those in conference have decided" 1) to ensure Israel's immediate and unconditional withdrawal from the Gaza Strip and Sharm e-Sheikh; 2) to ask for the full rights of the Arabs of Palestine...; 3) to seek compensation for Egypt for losses and damage resulting from the Suez operations; 4) to reiterate Egypt's sovereignty over the Suez Canal; 5) to denounce the "British aggression against Yemeni territory," and 6) to affirm absolute support for the right of the Arabs of Algeria to freedom and independence. Thus, by a feat of mental gymnastics so typical of official communiques, the principles avoided mentioning any of the crucial issues occupying the minds of the conferees, concentrating instead on matters which could not have been farther from their immediate interests. Now Saud and Hussein reiterate these platitudes — and have every chance of getting away with it. It is a highly intricate game whose rules no one can pretend to know!

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THERE is a sense, then, in which it would be true to say that the far-reaching regrouping now taking place among the Arab States is a purely local affair whose settlement is determined largely by inter-Arab considerations. The loud cries about American "intervention" and "pressure," which emanate from Moscow, Cairo and Damascus, are nothing but an attempt to cover up the failure of the plans which these countries had envisaged for the area, and represent a totally distorted picture of the situation. For by the time the Sixth Fleet was ordered to sail to the Eastern Mediterranean, the conflict in Jordan was already largely resolved: the Arab Legion had managed to forestall riots and demonstrations; Syria was paralyzed by fear of Iraqi and Saudi reaction to her intervention; and Egypt had no physical access to Jordan and was in addition busy with the Canal issue. Only direct intervention on the part of the Soviets could therefore have saved Jordan for Abdul Nasser, and it was such a danger, if anything, which prompted the American demonstration of strength.

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IT is true that the Cold War has willy-nilly drawn the area into its conflict but it seems fairly certain that the majority of the Arab countries, left to themselves and without any outside intervention or pressure, would still be rallying against the wild expansionist dreams of the Egyptian dictator.

Jerusalem, May 5.

Ninth Year Of Independence Marked Today

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Israel's ninth Independence Day will be ushered in this evening with the lighting of beacons on Mt. Herzl by Mr. Yosef Sprinzak, Knesset Speaker.

Today, Memorial Day, will be celebrated throughout the country by kindling memorial lights at military cemeteries and holding memorial services in synagogues.

Mr. Zalman Aranne, Minister of Education and Culture, will broadcast at noon; and President Ben-Zvi and Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion will deliver radio addresses at 7.45 p.m.

Following the Mt. Herzl ceremony this evening there will be fireworks displays in Jerusalem and naval displays off Nahariya and Eilat.

The main event tomorrow will be the military parade in Tel Aviv at 10 a.m.

At 8.30, the President's garden party will be held at the King David Garden in Ramat Gan.

(Further details — P. 2, Col. 3)

Dayan Back From Vacation Abroad

HAIFA, Saturday.—The Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Moshe Dayan, returned with his wife and two sons in the s.s. Zion yesterday from a short holiday in Italy.

Rav-Aluf Dayan, who looked fit and sunburned after his fortnight's leave, was dressed in a light gabardine suit, with an open-necked nylon sports shirt. He was in good humour and smilingly parried all questions on political matters. He anticipated the reporters with the bland question, "You don't expect me to make a statement, do you?"

They had been in Italy for eight days. He had not cut short his holiday because of the situation in Jordan, he stated. He had been due to return to his post by Independence Day, and had in fact returned a day later than planned because of a delay of the Zion. His visit had been a private one, but he had been widely recognized in Italy, "especially by waiters." He will resume his duties tomorrow.

Senator McCarthy Dies, Aged 47

WASHINGTON, Saturday. — Senator Joseph R. McCarthy, the Wisconsin farm boy who caused a furore in the American political scene for years with his reckless accusation of Communism, died at the Bethesda Naval Hospital on Thursday of acute hepatitis at the age of 47.

With his wife of less than four years, the former Jean Kerr, at his bedside, McCarthy succumbed after receiving holy communion and the last rites of the Roman Catholic Church. He had been admitted to the hospital last Sunday. McCarthy's liver ailment had been described in hospital bulletins as "serious" but not "critical."

McCarthy

Political foe and friend alike joined yesterday in mourning McCarthy.

President Eisenhower who had bitter differences with McCarthy almost from the day he entered the White House, issued a somewhat restrained statement on the Senator's death and sent a personal telegram to Mrs. McCarthy. The President was quoted in a recent biography as once saying said of McCarthy, "I will not get in the gutter with that guy."

For four years until McCarthy virtually disappeared from the political picture two years ago, the Senator from Wisconsin drove liberals of all kinds to despair. "McCarthyism" flourished in a national mood of fear and low morale caused by the increasing involvement of the U.S. in the frustrations of international diplomacy, in particular the Communist successes in China and the Korean war. *(UP, Reuter)*

Sharett: Israel Will Defend Rights in Canal

SYDNEY, Saturday (Reuter). — Mr. Moshe Sharett, Member of Knesset, said today Israel would defend to the death the right of passage through the Suez Canal.

Mr. Sharett, who arrived here by air today, said fighting between Israel and Egypt could flare up again at any time.

The former Israel Premier is in Australia to take part in the United Israel Appeal. He said he hopes to have talks with Prime Minister Robert Menzies and External Affairs Minister Richard Casey.

Doctrine Envoy, Mr. James Richards, conversing with the Prime Minister prior to beginning their discussions in Jerusalem on Friday morning. Braun Photo

No Formal Israel Statement Seen After Doctrine Talks

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A "formal agreement" by Israel to the Eisenhower Doctrine was not anticipated, it was stated by Mr. James Richards, President Eisenhower's special envoy, at a press conference in Jerusalem on Friday. Nor was an anti-Communist statement needed, he said.

Shortly after the conference, which was held at the U.S. Consulate-General, Mr. Richards bid farewell to Prime Minister David Ben-Gurion and left by air to continue his mission.

Mr. Richards said he "felt very good" as a result of his meeting" earlier in the day with the Prime Minister, Foreign Minister Golda Meir, and Mr. Levi Eshkol, the Finance Minister. Discussions had been conducted in a cordial atmosphere and with a free exchange of views.

He said that he had expected the Cabinet to meet to discuss the Doctrine, but had been told that this could not be done immediately due to the Sabbath. He regretted he could not stay longer, but he had to visit several North African countries before returning to the U.S. on May 8. He is to report to President Eisenhower the next day.

Sees No Difficulties

"If the Israel Cabinet agrees there may be a joint statement" regarding Israel's position. Mr. Richards felt there would be no difficulties about the statement. Such statements had been made by the Cabinets of the other countries he visited. However, the Cabinet did not have to make a public announcement of adherence to the doctrine, he said.

Mr. Richards had made it plain during his Middle East tour that there would be no alliances or binding promises made.

Asked if arms aid was discussed, he would only say that all phases of the doctrine had been thrashed out.

(The Foreign Ministry spokesman said in Jerusalem yesterday that this subject had not been discussed.)

Queried if "specific sums" had been discussed, Mr. Richards quipped that he did not, if he could avoid it, discuss "specific sums or specific projects."

No deadline existed for adhering to the Doctrine, but there was a time limit for receiving grants. Under the law, allocations of funds had to be submitted to Congress 15 days before the end of the U.S. fiscal year on June 30.

Any country accepting the Doctrine could expect help in fighting a threat posed by International Communism. President Eisenhower decided what constituted such a threat. In general, it could take three forms: a direct threat; a threat by a country dominated by international Communism; or an internal threat in the form of subversion.

Asked if he would visit Jordan, Syria and Egypt, he said he would visit any country which extended a real—as opposed to "left-handed"—invitation. At present, he did not expect to visit them, since he considered his mission ended with his return to America. However, President Eisenhower could extend the mission.

When the convoy of cars bringing the envoy to Jerusalem was near the Kastel, a Chrysler sedan containing four of Mr. Richards' aides caught fire. The fire was first noticed by an Israel policeman, No.12452, driving a jeep towards Tel Aviv. After the fire was extinguished, he drove them to Jerusalem in his jeep. The passengers were Mr. Fitzhugh Green, Attache at the Embassy; Mr. Frank Butler, Economic Counsellor; Mr. Gerald Strauss, Deputy Director of U.S.O.M.; and Mr. William King, head of the U.S. Information Agency.

Present at the 30-minute discussion between the Prime Minister and Mr. Richards were: Mr. Edward Lawson, the American Ambassador; Mr. William Hamilton, First Secretary at the Embassy; Mr. John Jernigan, Minister Counsellor in Rome; and Mr. King; Mr. T. Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office; and Mr. Ya'acov

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

One Killed in Gaza By Indonesian Guard

CAIRO, Saturday (UP).—U.N. Emergency Forces killed one inhabitant of Gaza and wounded another yesterday at Rafah, the U.N. Information Centre announced.

It said an Indonesian U.N. E.F. guard spotted four civilians "stealing" army equipment from the Indonesian camp. He "opened warning fire, and one of the shots hit one of the thieves, killing him," the announcement said.

In a second incident a few hours later, a civilian attempting to enter the same U.N.E.F. camp attacked a sentry on duty. "During the struggle the soldier's rifle went off, wounding the civilian in the thigh," the announcement said.

UK Expected To Lift Suez Ban 'Any Time Now'

LONDON, Saturday (UP). — A London shipping line announced today it has ordered the 7,127-ton freighter "Poplar Hill" to sail for the Suez Canal in expectation of the Government's lifting of its unofficial ban on waterway traffic "any time now."

The ship would await a Government announcement before entering the Canal.

"We feel it is worth risking a delay at Suez rather than sending her via the Cape," the spokesman said. "We believe the government will any time now announce that British ships can go through."

The head of the U.N. Suez Canal salvage unit, Lt.-Gen. Raymond Wheeler, arrived in Geneva today by air from Cairo.

He lunched at the airport with the U.N. Secretary-General, Mr. Hammarskjold, and Under-Secretary Ralph Bunche.

Mr. Hammarskjold and Dr. Bunche are attending the meeting of a seven-member consultative committee to discuss arrangements for a second U.N. "Atoms for Peace" conference planned for 1958.

Syria Questions Turkey On Meaning of Troops on Border

Saudia Uncovers Assassin Gangs

BEIRUT, Saturday (UP). — Informed sources and some diplomats here expressed full belief today in the accuracy of Lebanese press reports that King Saud of Saudi Arabia had uncovered underground assassin gangs operating under Egyptian control in his country.

The reports said the Egyptian-financed underground had been preparing for an assassination plot, but it was not clear whether the King was the target. It was said the Saudi Arabian authorities rounded up a gang of Palestine Arabs and seized a quantity of machineguns and hand grenades.

But the sources said that the gangs were originally organized by the Saudi Government and came under Egyptian influence only when a foreign policy change led King Saud to abandon them.

BRITAIN POSTPONES JORDAN PAYMENT

Britain has agreed to postpone the scheduled payment by Jordan of £500,000 due on May 1 for one month, because the Amman Government is short of funds. The payment is the first of six annual instalments for the transfer of British Army equipment following the abrogation of the Anglo-Jordan treaty, the British Embassy in Amman announced yesterday.

The Jordan authorities announced that they could not make the payment because when they examined Treasury accounts left by the Nabulsi Government, they discovered that the reserves of about £2m. had been "wasted."

Trials in Jordan Begin This Week

A group of "recalcitrant elements — mainly Communists and fellow travellers" — will appear as defendants in Jordan's military trials, expected to take place this week, a Government spokesman indicated yesterday, UP reported from Amman.

The three-man military investigation committee headed by Brig. Azzat Hassan is scheduled to present a report today on a subversive plot in army, political and certain Government circles to the Military Governor and Defence Minister Suleiman Toukan. The latter will review the report and pass it on to the military courts established in Amman and the Old City of Jerusalem for legal action.

Informed sources said that certainly all available members of the Government of former Premier Suleiman Nabulsi, including Nabulsi himself, will take part in the military trials, either as witnesses or defendants.

The number to be tried is a secret, but it is not expected to exceed 100.

An informed source said about two dozen army officers from the clique of former Chief of Staff, Maj.-Gen. Ali Abu Nawar, will also be tried.

Meanwhile a Government spokesman said that King Saud's visit to Jordan had been postponed until the end of May. Saud had been scheduled to arrive here today, but Hussein's sudden trip to Riadh last week forced a change in the schedule.

Military Governor Toukan yesterday announced the indefinite suspension of schools in most Jordan towns.

A U.S. Embassy spokesman last night denied press reports that the U.S. was expected to pay Jordan $70m. "Anything beyond the $10m. already granted as aid to Jordan is pure speculation," he added.

LIFTING EMERGENCY IN LEBANON

BEIRUT, Saturday (Reuter). The state of emergency proclaimed in the Lebanon during the Suez crisis last October 31, will be lifted next Wednesday, it was officially announced yesterday.

Ankara Denies Protest Made

LONDON, Saturday. — The Syrian Foreign Minister, Salah Bitar, stated today that his Government was making enquiries into the meaning of Turkish troop concentrations on the Syrian frontier, Beirut Radio reported.

In Ankara, the Foreign Ministry officially denied last night a report that Turkey had received a note from Syria alleging that Turkish planes had flown over Syrian territory.

The report said the note charged that the flights were directly occasioned by the Jordanian crisis. Turkish Foreign Ministry circles said no Turkish planes had flown across the Syrian frontier recently.

Syrians turned out in disappointing numbers today for four by-elections, marked by boisterous anti-American feeling and an attack on one U.S. correspondent, Welles Hangen of the National Broadcasting Co.

Police saved another newsman only by explaining to angry crowds that he was German and not American.

But despite the heated emotions, only 24 per cent of the electorate had balloted by poll-closing time and the Government decreed that polling in three of the four electoral districts, Damascus, Homs and Suweida, is to continue tomorrow.

The only result announced yesterday, in the Druse Beduin centre, gave the seat to Za'ar el Juma.

Main interest, however, centres on the struggle between the left wing and the nationalists in Damascus and Homs.

In Damascus, Riad Malki, brother of the former Deputy Chief of Staff who was assassinated in 1955, is standing as a candidate for the National Parliamentary Front, made up of Communist and Socialist Parties. His opponent is Sheikh Mustafa Sibai, backed by the Moslem Brotherhood of which he is Secretary-General.

Backed by similar alignments in Hom are Kamal Kalabis for the Socialists and Communists, and Said Thlawi for the Nationalists.

Mr. Hangen was attacked when an angry youth tried to grab the tape-recorder which Mr. Hangen was using to record one crowd's shouts against the Eisenhower Doctrine. Mr. Hangen's clothes were torn and his notebook disappeared in the ensuing scuffle.

(UP, Reuter, Damascus R.)

Bulk of 6th Fleet Sails Westward

WASHINGTON, Saturday (Reuter). — The Navy announced yesterday that the aircraft carrier Forrestal and battleship Wisconsin are moving out of the Eastern Mediterranean, whence they moved last week during the Jordan crisis.

But the announcement added that amphibious elements of the U.S. Sixth Fleet, including the reinforced battalion of 1,800 Marines, will remain in the area with a number of escorting ships.

The Navy said the Forrestal and Wisconsin, along with their escorts, the heavy cruisers Salem and Des Moines, are steaming to the Central Mediterranean to take part in previously scheduled NATO exercises.

The last two warships of the Sixth Fleet left Beirut yesterday afternoon to rejoin the main force. The U.S. naval visit to the Lebanon lasted four days, during which over 2,000 Marines spent their shore leave in the country.

Czechs, Syrians Sign New Trade Pact

PRAGUE, Saturday (Reuter). — Czechoslovakia and Syria yesterday signed a new trade agreement in which the Czech industry will continue its deliveries of equipment to help build up the Syrian economy. The agreement is renewable for a subsequent three-year period.

Haggerty New USOM Chief in Israel

WASHINGTON, Saturday (INA). — Mr. John J. Haggerty was today appointed new Director of the U.S. Operations Mission in Israel. He will report to his new assignment on Tuesday.

He succeeds Dr. Lincoln B. Hale who served in Israel since May 1954. Mr. Haggerty is a native of Houltin, Wisconsin, and graduated from Montana State College.

NATO Council Sees Mid-East Communist Danger Reduced

BONN, Saturday (Reuter). — The dangers to peace in the Middle East remain great, but "certain new elements" in the region show that there are good possibilities for the limiting of Communist subversion, according to the final communique issued by the NATO Foreign Ministers conference last night.

The communique, which followed the two-day annual meeting, said that the Ministerial Council reviewed recent developments in the Middle East.

It stated that the Council emphasized the importance of current initiatives to improve the situation and to reinforce the efforts already made to ensure the security and integrity of countries in the Middle East.

The NATO alliance, the announcement said, must be in a position to use all available means to meet any attack which might be launched against it, and added that "it is the availability of the most modern weapons of defence which will discourage attempts to launch any such attacks on the NATO nations.

Stressing that the Atlantic alliance remains purely a defensive one to protect the members from aggression, the Council noted that since its last meeting the Soviet leaders have launched a campaign, which while throwing "the cloak of oblivion over Soviet repression in Hungary," is designed to induce public opinion in various member countries to oppose the modernization of defence forces and to weaken the principle of collective security in NATO.

The communique noted that "the continued brutal repression of the struggle for freedom of the heroic Hungarian people remains and continues to make difficult an improvement in East-West relations."

Seek Counter To Suez Blackmail

By M. TADMOR

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

BONN, Saturday.— As the 15 Foreign Ministers assembled for the annual NATO stock-taking wound up their talks yesterday, one day earlier than originally expected, the following trends of this year's fact finding emerge:

NATO strategy for deterring aggression has proved its worth and will be continued in the future. The Soviet campaign of threats against the Western atomic armament do not give sufficient reason to hope that Russia will now be ready for real co-existence.

Britain and the other NATO countries, including possibly West Germany, will go ahead with their plans for scrapping conventional arms in favour of atomic armaments, despite American pressure to the contrary.

Meanwhile, questions relating to the Middle East were discussed at a secret session yesterday. Foremost among them were, according to the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dulles, to take steps to insure that West Europe's economy will no longer be at the mercy of "arbitrary" control of the Suez Canal. These steps include the construction of larger tankers and the building of additional pipelines.

Methods of countering Soviet plans for expansion in the Middle East were also debated, whereas other items such as the Israel-Arab dispute were not on the agenda and so far there is no information as to whether this subject was raised informally.

The conference wound up with a strong plea for reunification of Germany, probably in order to strengthen the hand of Chancellor Adenauer's pro-Western coalition government in view of the approaching elections.

Senator Humphrey Arriving Today

TEL AVIV, Saturday (USIS). — Senator Hubert Humphrey (Dem., Minnesota) and his party are expected in Israel from Lebanon tomorrow for a five-day visit here.

The Senator will be accompanied by Mr. Pat Holt, Consultant to the Senate Foreign Relations Committee; Mr. Herbert Waters, Administrative Assistant to Sen. Humphrey, and Mr. Wayne Andreas, who is on an advisory committee of the Department of Agriculture from Minnesota.

The Senator's visit to Israel is part of a study trip to European and Near Eastern countries. The group are primarily interested in the current political situation in the areas they are visiting.

2,600 NEWCOMERS WITHIN 24 HOURS

HAIFA, Saturday. — The s.s. Salta arrived here with 1,050 immigrants at 10 o'clock tonight, the first of four ships that are due to bring over 2,600 newcomers in the 24 hours preceding Independence Day — the largest number of immigrants to arrive in a single day since 1951.

The immigrants started coming ashore immediately after the ship Salta tied up despite the late hour, the first time this has been done. Usually debarkation is only effected during daylight hours. Jewish Agency Absorption Department officials had been standing by since early evening to get the immigrants off the ship and send them to 22 different localities in development areas all over the country.

The debarkation was due to continue throughout the night, with buses leaving the port for their various destinations as they filled with the newcomers.

Home for Holiday

The unusual procedure was introduced in an effort to get the newcomers to their homes before Independence Day to enable them to celebrate the occasion fittingly.

Tomorrow the s.s. Pace, Hermes and Artsa are due to bring more than 1,000 immigrants. The ships should all tie up in the port by noon and debarkation will continue throughout the day and night until the last of the newcomers will have been despatched to his new home in a development area. If necessary, the Absorption Department staff will continue work on Independence Day as well.

The record number of immigrants will include approximately 450 from Egypt.

HONDURAS-NICARAGUA BORDER CONFLICT

MANAGUA, Aragua, Saturday (Reuter). — The Nicaraguan Foreign Ministry announced today that the Government had guaranteed to refrain from acts likely to aggravate the disturbed situation between Nicaragua and Honduras.

But the Government reserved the right to repel any new act of aggression from the Honduran forces, the announcement said.

The statement was a reply to a message from the Council of the Organization of American States, sent after an emergency session in Washington had decided to send a team to investigate fighting between the two countries over disputed frontier territory.

Honduras has alleged that Nicaragua is the aggressor and that Nicaraguan forces crossed the river Coco, dividing the two countries. Nicaragua has denied the allegation, asserting that it never accepted the boundary laid down in 1906 by King Alfonso of Spain, who granted the disputed territory to Honduras.

Child Hit by Envoy's Car Dies in Ramle

RAMLE, Saturday. — Two-year-old Yehashua Krido was knocked down and killed by a car driven by the Brazilian Minister today. The Minister, Mr. Nelson Tabajara de Oliveira, was driving to Jerusalem when the child suddenly stepped onto the road near the Ramle railway station.

The Minister rushed the child to hospital, but the boy died on the way there.

The Jerusalem Post

The Jerusalem Post will not appear tomorrow, Independence Day.

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Social & Personal

The Prime Minister, Mr. David Ben-Gurion, received on Friday a delegation of Jewish leaders from Argentina, Brazil, Peru and Spain.

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The Speaker of the Knesset, Mr. Yosef Sprinzak, accompanied by the Knesset Clerk, Mr. Moshe Rosetti, yesterday called on the Minister of Justice, Mr. Pinhas Rosen, to congratulate him on his 70th birthday.

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The District Representative of Jerusalem will welcome members of the Consular Corps and of the United Nations Staff, and representatives of local authorities, religious bodies, and public institutions, who wish to offer their congratulations on the occasion of Independence Day, today between 10.30 a.m. and 12 at the District Offices, Generali Building. No general reception will be held as in previous years. The official visitors' book will be available at the District Offices today between the hours mentioned above.

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Chief Rabbi Yitzhak Nissim gave a *kiddush* yesterday in honour of Mr. Moshe Benaim, a leading member of the Gibraltar Jewish Community and honorary Israel consul there.

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The Anglo-Jewish youth leaders delegation now touring Israel was tendered a cocktail party by the new British Ambassador and Lady Rundall at their Ramat Gan residence on Friday. The group, led by Mrs. Barnett Janner, later lunched at the WIZO club, Tel Aviv, where they were welcomed by Mrs. Fay Grove, Organization Chairman of World WIZO.

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Mayor Gershon Agron of Jerusalem and Councillor A. Arrest were hosts to 80 Canadian tourists now visiting Israel in connection with today's planting of Canada forest at the approaches to Jerusalem. Mr. Agron accompanied by Deputy Mayor M. Ish-Shalom, and Mr. Arrest, conveyed greetings to the Mukhtar and inhabitants of Beit Safafa on the occasion of Id el Fitr, the end of the Ramadhan fast.
The Canadian delegation was entertained at Beit Shalom, Jerusalem, last night, to a reception given by the Directorate of the Jewish National Fund.

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M. Diomede Catroux, former French Minister of Air, and Generals Jarrot and Martin were among the group of prominent Frenchmen who flew to Eilat yesterday.

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A reception for the Sheikhs and notables of Beduin tribes in the Negev was given on Friday morning by the Military Governor, Nav-Seren Pinhas Amir.
Notables of the minority communities presented their Independence Day greetings to the Mayor of Ramle, Mr. Meir Melamed, on Friday.

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Mr. Dore Schary, the motion picture producer, and his family and Mr. Isadore Levin, member of the Board of the New York United Jewish Appeal, and his wife were entertained during the weekend by the Secretary General of the Jewish Agency and Mrs. Eisenberg.

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Mr. Theodore Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, yesterday received Mr. Max Grossman, Israel Bond leader from Toronto, Canada.

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At the general meeting of the Tel Aviv branch of the British Legion a committee of 15 were elected. Major L. L. Arnold was re-elected as Chairman, Major S. Temkin, director of the Israel Office of the British Zionist Federation, was elected Vice-Chairman, and Mr. L. B. Pasher Honorary Secretary. The writer, Mr. Aharon Yerushalmi, author of "Three Who Escaped," was also elected as a member of the committee.

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The Haifa Soldiers' Welfare Committee is holding its annual Independence Day Ball at the Soldiers' Club, 61 Sderot Hanassi, at 8.30 tonight. Committee members tomorrow will present gifts to soldiers in hospitals, and for the evening special programmes for soldiers have been arranged.

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MARRIAGE
VITAL—WAXMAN
The marriage of David Vital and Alisa Waxman took place in Herzliya on May 1, 1957.

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The annual diplomats' ball will be held on Saturday evening, June 1, at the Sharon Hotel in Herzliya. Proceeds will go to the Magen David Adom. Other institutions are asked not to arrange similar functions on that date. *(Advt.)*

Programme for State's 9th Independence Celebrations

TODAY (MEMORIAL DAY)

7.00 a) Siren blasts from Civil Defence sirens, ships, factories, etc.; b) Kindling of memorial lights at military cemeteries and military sections of civilian cemeteries; c) Flags lowered to half-mast at the Knesset, central Government buildings, offices of local authorities, etc.; d) Memorial services in synagogues; e) Kindling of memorial light in Jerusalem (at roundabout in front of Russian Compound) by the Haganah Veterans Organization. 7.15 Memorial broadcast by Yad Labanim (Memorial Association). 10.30-12 noon Jerusalem District Representative's reception to Consular Corps. 11.30 Memorial meetings in schools. 12.00 Broadcast address by Minister of Education and Culture, School meetings. 1 p.m. a) Military memorial services in cemeteries; b) Schoolchildren visit soldiers' graves. 3.30 Solemn service on Mt. Zion, organised by Ministry of Religious Affairs. 4.30 Diplomatic Corps presents good wishes to the President at Beit Hanassi. 6.58 Long siren blasts signal two minutes' silence throughout country to mark end of Memorial Day. 7.00 a) Flag-hoisting ceremony at Kiryat Gat, Lachish Region, and opening of festivities by local authorities. b) Special service at Yeshurun Synagogue in Jerusalem. 7.30 Opening of local celebrations at immigrants' villages by Information and Civic Education Services. 7.45 Broadcast addresses by the President and the Prime Minister. 8.25 a) Independence Day Opening Ceremony: Lighting of Beacons on Mt. Herzl by the Speaker of the Knesset; b) Award of Independence Banners on Mt. Herzl. 8.30 Film Shows in Streets by Information and Civic Education Services. 9.00 Naval displays with fireworks, off Eilat and Nahariya. Firework displays in Jerusalem. 9.15 Gadna torch parades throughout the country. 9 to 1 after midnight Folk dancing in the streets.

In the evening: Parties and celebrations, organized by the National Committee for Soldiers' Welfare. Performances in towns and villages.

TOMORROW, (INDEPENDENCE DAY)

8.45 Special services in synagogues, attended by Government representatives. 10.00 a) General military parade in Tel Aviv, by Popular film shows throughout the country except in Tel Aviv. 10.30 to 11.30 Naval display off Haifa. 11.00 a) Opening of three mobile exhibitions by Information and Civic Education Services in immigrants' villages; b) Opening of Israel Book Production Exhibition by Ministry of Trade and Industry at Bezalel National Museum, Jerusalem. 3 p.m. Central and regional celebrations for immigrants' settlements by Information and Civic Education Services. 4.00 Soccer match for Mayor of Jerusalem's Cup between selected elevens of Jerusalem and the South, at Y.M.C.A. ground, Jerusalem.

Afternoon. Receptions by Mayor of Jerusalem, Mayor of Tiberias and District Representative, Northern District, Mayor of Haifa and Haifa District Representative, Mayor of Ramle and the District Representative, Southern District. Dance Procession through the streets of Jerusalem from Romema to the Russian Compound. 4.45 Soccer match between selected teams of Israel Forces and French Army at Ramat Gan Municipal Stadium. 5.30 President's garden party at King David Garden, Ramat Gan. 8.30 Films in the streets shown by the Information and Civic Education Services. 9.15 Award of 1957 Israel Prizes by the Minister of Education and Culture, in Canada Hall, Hebrew University Campus, Jerusalem.

Evening. a) Popular celebrations by municipalities; b) Parties for soldiers by the National Committee for Soldiers' Welfare.

Yom Atzmaut Services

JERUSALEM
Yeshurun Synagogue: — Tonight: Arvit, 8 p.m. Tomorrow: Shahrit, 7.30 a.m.; Minha, 7.15 p.m.

RAMAT GAN
Hatehia Synagogue (29 Rehov Arlosoroff): Tonight: 7.45 p.m. Tomorrow: Shahrit, 8 a.m.

TRANSPORT FOR THE PARADE

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Public transport routes to this city will be changed on Monday because of the Independence Day Parade.

All Egged buses from the North will stop at Rehov Yehuda Hamaccabi. But buses coming from Petah Tikva will be permitted to travel to the Central Bus Station.

Buses from the South will stop at Rehov Herzl, near Rehov Kibbutz Galuyot. Those coming via the Security Road will have their terminus near the old market.

Taxis coming from the North will have to take the Tel Baruch road to the Petah Tikva road. Taxis from the South will take the Security Road, then follow Rehov Levinsky and Rehov Ben-Yehuda.

Lorries and vans will not be allowed to travel in the city. Those coming from Haifa will have to park by the Registration Office near the Kirya; from Jerusalem at Kiryat Shalom; from Lydda (Airmen's Way), in Rehov Hagesher.

Private cars will be able to travel as usual, except along the parade route.

In the afternoon, traffic to the Ramat Gan Stadium will be directed along the Petah Tikva Road as far as to the Ce.De. factory, where it will turn to the stadium parking grounds. Cars from Petah Tikva will also turn at Ce.De. towards the stadium, those travelling via the Natanya road to the Northern railway station.

Buses to the stadium will be available from Rehov Mikve Yisrael (70 bus stop); Dizengoff-Arlosoroff crossroads (Armon David cinema), and Rehov Ben Yehuda, between Rehov Trumpeldor and Rehov Shalom Aleichem.

Special trains will leave Haifa for Tel Aviv at 6, 6.30, 7 and 7.30 a.m.; 2 and 2.30 p.m. Travel time is two hours. A train will leave Jerusalem at 7 a.m.; Beersheba at 7.15 a.m. and Ramle, at 6.40 and 8 a.m.

There will be five return trains to Haifa at noon, 1, 7.15, 7.40 and 8.30 p.m.; one to Jerusalem — 1 p.m., and one to Beersheba — 1 p.m.

Where to go

TODAY

JERUSALEM

• **Exhibitions:** —
Permanent exhibition at the Department of Antiquities, 22 Rehov Shlomo Hamelekh. New rooms: Prehistory and Israelite period. Educational exhibit: How to arrange small local collections. Special exhibits. New finds from tombs excavated in Jerusalem and from Ein Mabkha. 9-1. Tomorrow, 10-1.
Conquest of the Desert. Permanent Exhibition. Daily from 10-1 4-6. On Friday from 10-1 only closed on Saturday.
1) Selected Acquisitions 1948-1956. 2) Etchings on Biblical Themes by Ben Zion, New York. 3) Traditional Seder Table, Bezalel, 9-1.
Exhibition of various Hebrew University departments. Administration Building, Givat Ram. Open weekdays, from 9 a.m. to 3 p.m.
1) Jerusalem Artists Spring Exhibition. 2) Applied Arts and Crafts. Artists' House, 10-1. Also tomorrow.
Exhibition of oil paintings by Giska Milbauer and chosen works by Israel artists. Nora Gallery, 9 Maimon Ave., 10-1, 3-6. Also tomorrow.
• **Film Shows:** —
Israeli Films, daily Keren Hayesod Hall, 11.30 a.m.
• **Tours:**—
Hebrew University Conducted Tour, 10 a.m. Administration Bldg., New University Campus. (Conducted tours in Hebrew Sundays and Thursdays, 11 a.m.)

TEL AVIV

Italian Specialities. Lunch, Dinner, Soupe a l'oignon. Luky's Bar, 3 Allenby Rd., Tel. 23752.
For a Chinese lunch and dinner only Rikas, 2 Rehov Trumpeldor.
• **Film Show:** —
Z.O.A. House from 8 p.m. — Independence Day Film Programme (non-stop).
• **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Anna Christie," 8.30. Dizgan and Schumacher, Ohel Shem, 8.30.
Cameri, "No Time for Sergeants," Mograbi, 8.30. "Yerma," New Hall, 8.30.
• **Exhibitions:**—
1) Oil Paintings and Gouaches by Menahem Abramovits. 2) Sculptures by Kosa Eltal (1951-1957). Museum, 10-1. Also tomorrow.

NOF YAM

• **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Anna Frank," 8.30.

TOMORROW

JERUSALEM

• **Party:** —
Hitahdut Olei Britannia, Independence Day Party, Beeri Club, 8.30.
• **Exhibitions:** —
On Independence Day the Bezalel National Museum will be open to the public from 3 to 6 p.m. Entrance will be free. An exhibition of "The Hebrew Book and its Production in Israel" will be opened at 4 p.m. by Mr. Moshe Gordon, on behalf of the Minister of Commerce and Industry, Mr. Pinhas Sapir. The exhibition is arranged in collaboration with the Ministry of Commerce and Industry.
• **Theatre:** —
Massach and Rina Nikova Ballet Troupe, "The Eye of the Beholder" and Popular and Classic Dances. Y.M.C.A. 8.30.

TEL AVIV

• **Exhibitions:** —
Oils and watercolours by Melitta Schiffer. Foyer Culturel, French Embassy, 70 Rehov Hayarkon, 10.30-1; 4.30-8.
• **Independence Day Celebration:** —
Z.O.A. House at 8 p.m. — Gala festivities including dancing, refreshments and entertainment under auspices of House groups.
• **Theatre:** —
Habimah, "Anna Frank," 8.30. Cameri, "No Time for Sergeants," Mograbi, 8.30. "Yerma," New Hall, 8.30.

RISHON-LE-ZION

• **Theatre:** —
Dulgan and Schumacher, Tiferet, 8.30.

HAIFA

• **Exhibitions:**—
Bible exhibition of Marc Chagall and sculptures by Jacques Loutchansky. Fortnightly exhibit: Oil painting by Yeheskiel Streichman. Museum Town Hall, 10-1, 4-7. Tomorrow, Independence Day. Entrance Free. Closing tomorrow.

AJC Women Prize For Golda Meir

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Mrs. Golda Meir, the Foreign Minister, has been chosen "Outstanding Woman of the Year" by the Women's Division of the American Jewish Congress. The award is to be made during the Division's conference which is taking place in Washington today, Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. Thelma Richman, Division President, in a letter announcing the award, asked Mrs. Meir if she could not be present in person, to send a short film "of acceptance." In the film, which is to be shown immediately after the presentation, Mrs. Meir will accept the award in the name of the mothers and women of Israel's border settlements.

She could not accept it in her name, she said, although she was both "glad and embarrassed" to be chosen as the recipient. However, she would consider it an honour to accept in the name of the women living in border settlements.

The award is to be made by Mrs. Agnes Meyer, last year's "Outstanding Woman of the Year."

TELEX SERVICE TO BEGIN IN JERUSALEM

An automatic teleprinter service (Telex) will go into operation in Jerusalem beginning tomorrow, Independence Day. Subscribers can get in touch with other teleprinter operators in any other parts of the country by a direct dialling system.
A teleprinter service is already in operation in Tel Aviv and Haifa and it is planned to install a teleprinter exchange in Beersheba.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM
At 3.30, 7 and 9 p.m.
ARNON: The Killers.
EDEN: Diana.
EDISON: The Bad Seed.
ORGIL: Trapeze, 4th week.
ORION: "Le Couturier De Ces Dames."
ORNA: The Harder They Fall.
RON: Gervaise.
SEMADAR: Spartacus.
STUDIO: The Ladykillers.
TEL OR: "Double Destin."
ZION HALL: War and Peace, 4th week.

TEL AVIV
ALLENBY: The King & I, 8th week.
ARMON DAVID: "Le Lumiere d'en Face," 4th week.
CHEN: The Battle of the River Plate, 3rd week
DAN: Gabi, 3rd week.
EDEN: Shree 420, 19th week.
ESTHER: Ransom.
MIGDALOR: "La Bella Munaia."
MOGRABI: The Ambassador's Daughter.
OPHIR: War and Peace, 4th week.
ORION: The Wrong Man, 3rd week.
SHDEROT: Land of the Pharaohs, 4th week.
TAMAR: Run For Cover.
TCHELET: "Le Salaire Du Peche."
YARON: Serenade.
ZAMIR: "A Toi de Jouer, Callaghan," 7th week.
ZAFON: Richard III, 7th week.

HAIFA
AMPHITHEATRE: Anastasia, 3rd week
ARMON: "La Risala."
ATZMON: I'll Cry Tomorrow, 3rd week.
EN DOR: There's No Business Like Show Business, Matinee; The Sabre and the Arrow.
GAL OR: "Les Mauvaises Rencontres," Matinee; Wicked City.
MAY: "La Strada," 2nd week.
MORIAH: As Long as They're Happy.
ORAH: The Baby and the Battleship.
ORION: Folies Bergeres, 4th week.
ORLY: We're No Angels.
PEER: 20,000 Leagues Under the Sea, 2nd week.
TCHELET: Hot Blood.

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Jerusalem Branch
Independence Day Party
at the Be'eri Club, Rehov Alharizi.
MONDAY, May 6, from 8.30 p.m.

the Jewish Post
and OPINION
From the contents:
Court Fight Resumed Over Mixed Seating.
Motorists vs. Parking Meters.
Issue: March 8 Now on sale.

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ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME
482, 249, 33.3 & 48.9 M.

News: Hebrew: Today: 6.35, 7.00 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 p.m. **Tomorrow:** 7.00 a.m. 1.30, 7.00, 9.00, 11.00 p.m.
English: 1.45 p.m. **French:** 2.00 p.m. **Arabic Programme** (including News): **Today:** 7.30 a.m. 2.15, 6.00 p.m. **Tomorrow:** 7.30 a.m. 2.15, 6.00, 11.15 p.m.
Today: 6.30 a.m. Services. 6.57 Musical Clock. 7.00 Siren — beginning Memorial Day. 7.15 Memorial Day: "Honour for the Fallen Heroes." 7.20 Morning tunes. 8.30 Close Down.
12.00 N. Broadcast by the Minister of Education and Culture. 12.15 "There Once Were Young Fellows." 12.40 In Memory of the Fallen Sons. 1.00 I. Edel: Cantata. 2.30 Close Down.
5.05 p.m. Light Music. 5.15 Y. Tal: Cantata. 5.30 "Youth Corner." 7.10 "Raising the flag." 7.30 Choir tunes. 7.45 Speeches by the President and the Prime Minister. 8.25 Opening of Celebrations at Mount Herzl. 9.30 Folk Dances. 1.00 a.m. Close Down.
Tomorrow: 6.30 a.m. Service and songs. 8.30 Prayers from Yeshurun Synagogue. 9.00 Children's Programme. 9.30 Preparations for the Parade. 10.00 Zahal's Parade. 10.45 Marching tunes. 11.00 The Dancing Parade (Haifa). 11.30 Works by Beethoven. 12.15 The Sinai Campaign. 1.00 Israel Songs. 3.30 Oriental tunes. 4.00 Light music. 4.45 Football match. 7.15 "Events and achievements." 8.00 "Ron Aml." 8.30 Independence Day Echoes. 9.15 Israel Prizes. 10.15 "Israel Composers" 11.05 Bible Reading: Yeshayahu — Chapter 35. 11.20 Folk Dances. 12.00 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME
407, 469, 255, 43.9 & 33.3 M.
French News: 9.45 p.m.
English News: 10.00 p.m

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 43.9 & 460 M.): **Today:** 6.00 "Music for Sunday." 6.40 "The Interrupted Song." 7.00 Hebrew Lesson for Beginners. 7.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 7.20 Yiddish. 8.00 Hungarian. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Interval. 9.30 French. 10.15 Close Down. **Tomorrow:** 6.00 p.m Football Match. 7.00 Hebrew Lesson. 7.15 News in Easy Hebrew. 7.30 Yiddish. 8.00 Hungarian. 8.15 Mograbit. 8.30 Ladino. 9.00 Interval. 9.30 French. 10.15 Close Down.
KOL ZION LAGOLA (32.3 M.): **Programme to South Africa:** 6.00 News Headlines. 6.01 Yiddish News. 6.06 Music for the Eve of Independence Day. 6.25 "From the Federation." 6.30 News. 6.38 "Personal Column." **Tomorrow:** 6.00 News Headlines. 6.01 Yiddish News. 6.06 Yiddish transmission: Independence Day Programme. 6.20 Independence Day Report. **Programme for U.K.: Today:** 12.00 A programme for the Eve of Independence Day, including "Personal Column" by Walter Eytan. **Tomorrow:** 12.00 A programme for Independence Day.
ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 226 & 238 M.): **Today:** 6.27 p.m. Opening. 6.32 Music by Beethoven. 6.58 Siren — ending Memorial Day. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Raising the Flag." 7.30 Marching tunes. 7.45 Speeches by the President and the Prime Minister. 8.25 Opening of Celebrations at Mount Herzl. 9.00 News. 9.15 "Groups' Parade." 10.00 Folk Dances. 11.00 Close Down. **Tomorrow:** 7.30 a.m. Opening. 7.35 "Israel Triumphant." 7.38 Marching tunes. 8.30 Songs by military troupes. 9.00 Light Music. 9.30 The President in the street of Tel Aviv and the preparations for the Parade. 10.00 Z.H.L.'s Parade. 10.45 Light Music. 11.00 War sketch by David Rivlin. 11.45 Folk Dances. 12.00 Songs. 12.15 "The Sinai Campaign." 1.00 Marc Lavry: "Operation Kadesh." 1.40 Independence Day Concert: Works by Beethoven, Prokofieff and Mendelssohn. 3.00 Zahal — Memorable events and achievements. 3.45 Air Force Orchestra. 4.15 Entertaining programme with soldiers. 4.45 The French-Zahal Football Match. 6.45 Light Music. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Pleasant tune." 7.30 Paul Ben Haim: "The Sweet Psalmist of Israel," played by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra, conductor: G. Singer. 8.00 Sketch by David Rivlin. 8.45 Intermezzo. 9.00 News. 9.15 Distribution of Israel Prizes. 10.00 Dance Music. 11.00 Close Down.
B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (16.79, 19.52, 16.96 & 25.15 M.): 7.30-8.00 p.m. **Today:** News. Israel Independence Day. Contact Programme. International Commentary. **Tomorrow:** News. News Talk. Echoes from the World.

Church Services

JERUSALEM
St. Paul's Church (Musrara Qr.): E.S., 7 p.m. H.C., as announced. Clergy: Canon H.R.A. Jones (Tel 3715). Rev. J. Ayre (Tel. 5184).
St. Andrew's Church (Scots Memorial): M.S. 10 a.m. Minister Rev. W. Gardiner Scott. Vesper Service united with Y.M.C.A. at 6.30 p.m.
Combined Evangelical Services (Y.M.C.A. Lecture Hall). 7.30 p.m. All welcome.
Catholic: 6 a.m. German Hospice Chapel. Languages German Italian, English. French 7 a.m. Terra Sancta Chapel. Languages English, French, German, Italian; St. Pierre de Sion (Ratisbonne). Languages: French, Arabic, English, German Hungarian, Hebrew, Portuguese: 8 a.m. Jesuits Chapel (near King David Hotel): Languages: French, Polish, English, Italian, German. 9 a.m. Pierre de Sion 10 a.m. Terra Sancta Coltera.
Notre Dame de France (St. Paul's St.), M.S. 8 a.m. Languages: French, English, German, Italian.
American Gospel Church (Prophets St., near Bikur Holim). Morning Worship, 11 a.m. Midweek Prayers: Wednesday at 7.30 p.m. Minister M.G. Grisbrow.
Christian Fellowship Vesper Service (Y.M.C.A.). 6.30 p.m. Vesper talk, "All the King's Horses," by Herbert L. Minard. Public welcome.
Brethren (Jamil House, Talbieh). Breaking of Bread. Sunday: 9.30 a.m. Wednesday: Bible Hour. 7.30 p.m. Saturday: 8.30 p.m. Good News Hour.
Church of the Nazarene (St. Julian's Way). E.S. 7.30 p.m.
Bible Evangelical Mission (Pentecostal). Hovevei Zion St., first house: Sunday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. Saturday, 11 a.m. & 7.30 p.m. (Rev. J.W. Foster).
Jerusalem Baptist Congregation (Opp. Gan Rehavia). Wednesday: Bible reading & Prayer. 7.30 p.m. Friday: E.S., 6.30 p.m. Saturday: Bible Study, 10.30 p.m.
Seventh Day Adventists (Rehov Abraham Lincoln, near Y.M.C.A.): 9.30 a.m. Sabbath School 10.45 a.m. Preaching & Worship 4 p.m. Bible class.
Russian Orthodox Church (Russian Compound): Mass 8 a.m. (Russian)
Greek Orthodox Church (St. Simeon's, Katamon): Mass 6.30 a.m. (Greek & Arabic).
Assemblies of God Church, corner Mamilla & King George Rds. (Pastor: H.B. Pencovic): Sat., 7.30 p.m.; Sun., 5 p.m. Prayer Meeting: Wed., 7.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV & JAFFA
Immanuel Church (Anglican Episcopal) off 19 Eilat St. H.C., 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m. Preacher: Rev. R.G. Allison. P.O.B. 2773. Tel Aviv.
Church of Scotland (St. Peter's), Jaffa: M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 7 p.m.
St. Peter's Church (Catholic) Jaffa Port: 7 a.m. Weekdays 6 p.m. Languages: French, Italian Spanish.
Russian Orthodox Church (St. Peter's Church, Abu Kebir): Mass 9 a.m. (Russian).

HAIFA
St. Luke's Church: Mountain St., near Vine St. (Anglican Protestant; Episcopal): H.C. 7.30 a.m.; M.S. 10 a.m. E.S. 6.30 (P.O.B. 1797).
The Scandinavian Seamen's Church, 41 Metr'ele, P.O.B. 1205. Lutheran Service. 7.30 p.m. (Rev. Per Faye Hansen).
Russian Orthodox Church (St. Eliyah's Cave, Mt. Carmel): Mass 8 a.m.
Brethren (Bethsada Gospel Hall, 39 Allenby Rd.): Sun.: Breaking of Bread. 9.30 a.m. (2nd & 4th Sun. of month. 6.30 p.m.); Gospel meetg., 5 p.m. Wed.: Bible Study, 5 p.m.: Prayer, 6.30 p.m. Sat.: Bible study, 5 p.m. Languages: Hebrew, Arabic, English, Russian German, etc.

NAZARETH
Church of Annunciation (Greek Orthodox): Mass 8 a.m. (Greek and Arabic).

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

TODAY
JERUSALEM: Herzl, 36 Jaffa, 5059.
HAIFA: Balfour, 1 Massada, 2269.

TOMORROW
JERUSALEM: Ben-Yehuda, 7 Ben-Yehuda, 2811.
HAIFA: Magen David, 13 Geulah, 6206.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

TODAY
JERUSALEM: Dr. Greenwald, 22 Yehoshua Bin-Nun, 62963. Dr. Romanov, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 2 Hanevi'im, 2424. Dr. Ludwig, 24 Shivat Zion, 67417.

TOMORROW
JERUSALEM: Dr. Romanov, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. Ehrenfeld, 34 Ramban, 4280. Dr. Shor, 45 Rashi.
HAIFA: Dr. Bilski, 7 Ehud, 2180. Dr. Ludwig, 24 Shivat Zion, 67417.

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RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar, 51 Rehov Bialik
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Lost — Found

LOST by tourist Tuesday forenoon, Jerusalem, University buildings, parasraph-shaped diamond studded gold brooch. Finder please phone Terner, 2788 or 51762, Haifa. Reward.

Lessons

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Optics — Photo

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EXPERIENCED first class English secretary shorthand-typist, knowledge of bookkeeping, seeks position where proficiency in English is an asset. Please write: No. 20054, P.O.B. 66, Haifa.

Vehicles

CARS all types bought and sold. "Autra" R. Michaelis, 14 Petah Tikva Rd., Tel. 66206, Tel Aviv.

Today's Postbag

The Weather

Forecast: Sharav conditions at first coming to an end in the afternoon; possibility of light local rain.

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Canaan	40	10	24	28
Tiberias	38	15	28	30
Haifa Port	66	18	23	27
Natanya	70	13	26	27
Tel Aviv Port	66	15	22	26
Lydda Airport	36	15	28	33
Jerusalem	17	13	26	28
Beersheba	13	14	34	35
S'dom	36	—	35	36
Eilat	50	20	32	36

*A) Humidity at 6 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

General Andre Martin, French Assistant to the Deputy Chief of Staff, accompanied by his wife, on a private visit for a few days.

Mr. M. de Shalit, Assistant Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, and Mr. U. Michaeli, Director of Civil Aviation of the Ministry of Transport, from a week's visit to Tokyo and Manila as guests of Air France (by Air France).

Mr. J.H. Osterley, Executive Director of the Jewish National Fund in England, accompanied by his wife.

DEPARTURES

Mr. Zvi Herman, of Zim, for London to attend Independence Day celebrations aboard the new Zim liner Theodor Herzl (by Air France).

Col. Robert Henriques, author of "100 Hours to Suez," for London after a month's visit (by Cyprus Airways).

Dr. N.H. Steiger, Lecturer in the Faculty of Science at the Technion, Israel Institute of Technology, has left for a six-month study tour in Europe in connection with the development of the Technion's Nuclear Engineering programme.

A MAPAI-SPONSORED club was opened in Eilat on Friday night by Mr. Giora Josephthal, Secretary-General of the Party. Some 300 persons were present.

• • •

THE HAIFA Labour Council has rejected a demand of the local branch of the Manufacturers Association to link the payment of the "frozen third" by plants not covered by collective agreements, with changes in the regulations governing dismissals.

• • •

NEARLY 8m. cases of citrus were exported from the beginning of the season up to the end of April. They included 2,500,124 cases of Shamuti oranges, 481,796 of grapefruits and 43,692 of lemons.

• • •

MARINE WAR risk insurance for the Middle East has been reduced from five shillings to two shillings and sixpence per £100, according to Lloyds agents in Tel Aviv.

• • •

MR. YOSEF SPRINZAK, Knesset Speaker, is to be conferred the honorary citizenship of Ramle, it was learnt by *Itim* from Municipal sources.

• • •

"HASSNEH" Insurance Co. Ltd. donated IL2,500 to the Jerusalem Municipality on moving into new premises. The Municipality decided to use IL1,000 for improvements in the town's youth clubs, to devote IL1,000 to facilities of the Working Mothers' Association and to spend the remaining IL500 on a technical club in Baka'a.

• • •

MAPAI HAS informed the Hebrew University that it wishes to establish a scholarship in the name of Dr. Pinhas Rosen, Minister of Justice, to mark the latter's 70th birthday. The scholarship is for a student of law to be chosen by Dr. Rosen, and will be worth IL500.

• • •

THE S.S. ZION, which arrived on Friday from America via Italy, brought 253 passengers, including about 150 tourists from the U.S., Canada, South America and Europe; eight immigrants from Austria and the U.S. and nearly 100 returning residents.

• • •

ISRAEL WILL be the recipient of an unusual gift for her 10th anniversary next year: over 200,000 members of WIZO the world over will by then have acquired a Hebrew vocabulary of 500 words, as resolved at the recent World WIZO Conference held here. The "Hebrew Circle of World WIZO" will be called into being tomorrow, Independence Day.

Man Dies Bringing Doctor to Wife

HAIFA, Saturday. — Wacław Wilder, 45, of Kiryat Yam, collapsed and died of a stroke this afternoon, while on his way home with a Kiryat Haim doctor whom he had called to treat his wife. The stroke was apparently caused by his worry over his wife's indisposition.

Bareli Memorial

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — A ceremony was held yesterday at the grave of Yitzhak Bareli, former Director of the Workers Bank, in the Nahlat Yitzhak Cemetery, on the first anniversary of his death.

It was attended by the bereaved family, friends, Government Ministers, and Histadrut representatives. A memorial address was delivered by the Knesset Speaker, Mr. Yosef Sprinzak.

Weekend Speeches

Sinai Victory Paves Way For Development, Country Told

The enhanced security of the State consequent on the Sinai victory and the opportunities now facing Israel in absorbing vast numbers of immigrants and settling the waste areas were the main themes of Government leaders in addresses at meetings throughout the country over the week-end arranged by the Information and Civic Education services to mark Independence Day.

The defeat of Abdul Nasser by the Israel Defence Forces did not mean that the danger threatening this country from those behind him had passed, the Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, told a crowded meeting in Tel Aviv on Friday night.

Recalling that last Independence Day had been celebrated under the shadow of Abdul Nasser's threat to wipe out this country, Mrs. Meir declared her belief that the Sinai Campaign had brought peace much nearer for all the region. Other nations had seen that Egypt's hegemony was not absolute, and that the legend of Abdul Nasser's omnipotence was without basis.

The Foreign Minister said that the leaders of the neighbouring countries should realize how much they need peace. "All they think of is how to destroy this country, and they devote all their energies to building up their military machine." We in turn are thus compelled to turn our energies to arming ourselves.

"Without the whole of the Jewish people behind us, we would never have advanced so far," she declared. The support of the Jewries of the free world had always served as a source of encouragement, yet "we claim the right to ask them to come and join us here."

Sending a message to the Jews in the "countries closed to us," Mrs. Meir said that no wall or "curtain" would prevent contact between us. To applause from the audience, she sent greetings to the French nation and Government "for help in our hour of need."

The Foreign Minister saw the tenth year of independence as one of renewed mass immigration, and of a renewed desire for peace, but of readiness to defend ourselves if it proved necessary.

Mayor Haim Levanon opened the meeting.

Autarky Delayed

ESHKOL

The present pace of mass immigration (increasing the population by seven to eight per cent annually) will postpone the achievement in this generation of Israel's economic independence, Mr. Levi Eshkol, Minister of Finance, predicted to a capacity audience in the Orgil Cinema in Jerusalem yesterday.

He pointed out the importance of the new mass immigration from the security and the long-term economic aspects.

With such a large increase in the population, it will be inevitable that the share of agriculture in the economy will not be larger than one-quarter, Mr. Eshkol said. He believed that with the opening of the Tiran Straits, Eilat's population will reach 20,000 in the near future.

In 1957, exports will reach $200m., of which approximately one-third will be income from invisible exports, the Minister said. Israel merchant marine is growing at a terrific speed, and orders for ships with a displacement of 500,000 tons are under way; these orders may be shortly multiplied, he added.

He will receive every new immigrant happily, and proudly bear the economic burden each involves, Mayor Gershon Agron told the meeting.

We're Producing More

SAPIR

Imports are now at the 1948 level, although the Jewish population had almost trebled, Mr. Pinhas Sapir, Minister of Commerce and Industry, told a meeting in Hadera on Friday night. Agricultural production this year has increased by 20 per cent over last year, and industrial output by 12 per cent.

Several new power stations are being built, at a cost of $300 per potential kilowatt.

Within the next eight years the country should increase its population to three million, he said, so as the better to withstand pressure from without.

Mayor Y. Widerker said Hadera would have a population of 50,000 within four years, as compared with the present 30,000.

Nasser Fallen Low

CARMEL

"The Tiran Straits are now open to Israel ships and will remain open, because the Defence Forces will not allow them to be closed again," Mr. Moshe Carmel, the Minister of Transport, said in Haifa on Friday night. He warned that if the Egyptians interfere with our shipping in the Straits, "We shall smite them again."

Mr. Carmel said that with the breaking of the Egyptian army in the Sinai Campaign, the Arab armies, even if combined, could not now endanger us. The campaign had also eliminated Abdul Nasser's dream of heading an Arab empire. His prestige had dropped, and his country was in dire economic straits. Our forces, on the other hand, were now stronger than ever.

We now have a breathing space for an unprecedented spurt of development and building.

Million Candidates

NAMIR

Half the present population live in houses built since the establishment of the State, Mr. Namir, Minister of Labour, revealed at a meeting in Petah Tikva, on Friday night. There are now 4,000 to 5,000 canvas and tin huts in *ma'abarot*, which will be changed for permanent housing this fiscal year. Some 90,000 adults have obtained technical training through the Government in coordination with the Histadrut.

Speaking on immigration as "a major task ahead," Mr. Namir said that in 10 countries of the Diaspora, excluding the Soviet bloc, there were a million Jewish "candidates" for immigration to Israel.

Unity Wanted

GOVRIN

Mr. Akiva Govrin, M.K., told an audience in Beersheba that the three most important events of the year had been the Sinai operation with its various consequences, the development of Eilat and the Negev which had been made possible by the breaking of the blockade, and the immigration of 120,000 newcomers. Mr. Govrin, who had come straight from hospital to the meeting, hoped that we should be able to add a fourth event to the list — the consolidation of the political unity of the country and the ending of the inter-party disputes.

The Army Marches and the Nation Dances

Jerusalem Post Staff

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The military parade will dominate this city's Independence Day celebrations on Monday.

Official events will begin that morning at 8 a.m. with a special service at the Great Synagogue. At 4.30 p.m. there will begin open air parties at the Zahala quarter, north of the Yarkon.

Tomorrow night, here as in all other towns and villages throughout the nation, the populace will fill the streets with dancing till after midnight.

Tens of thousands are expected to converge on the Ramat Gan Stadium during the afternoon of Independence Day, to see the soccer match between the French Army selected and the Israel Defence Forces which will kick off at 4.45. The President will see the game.

The navy will come into the picture with a display off the Tel Aviv coast from 4 to 5 p.m. Veterans of the Hagana will hold a rally at the Ofeka quarter north of the Yarkon at 5 p.m.

At 8 p.m., after the broadcast by the President and the Prime Minister, free public entertainment will be given in the Independence Gardens by a host of popular artists. Government information films will be shown at six points in the city at 8.30 p.m.

The President's garden party will be held this year in the King David Garden at Ramat Gan. Some 2,500 invitations have been issued to persons from all parts of the country, including leading figures from all walks of Israel life, the Diplomatic Corps, representatives of the minorities, disabled veterans and bereaved parents.

The Jerusalem Municipality is holding a folk dance parade which will pass through the streets of the capital from Romema to the Russian Compound between 4 and 6 p.m. followed by a garden party between 6 and 6.30 at the Rose Garden in Talbieh.

The Tel Aviv Workers Council will hold their Independence Day reception in the Gan Nevi'im between 7 and 9 p.m. for works committees, trade union leaders and municipal figures.

The Acre Nautical School will be open for guided tours on Independence Day between 2.30 and 4.30.

Israel's minority population of 200,000 will participate in this year's celebrations to a much larger extent than heretofore.

The two Arab municipalities of Nazareth and Shfar Am and five local councils in the Little Triangle and Galilee will sponsor rallies addressed by local notables and programmes will include artistic performances, shows by schoolchildren and Arab newsreels.

Military governors in the Arab areas will hold receptions, and Arab schools will mark the holiday with special celebrations.

The Parade

The Independence Day Parade which will start in Rehov Arlosoroff at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning will consist of four principal sections; armour, artillery, booty, and infantry.

The flags of the State and the Army will be carried at the head of the mechanized column, while the brigade emblems will head the infantry.

The head of the parade is expected to reach Mograbi Square at 10.30, Kikar Hamoshavot at 10.40, and Sderot Yerushalayim at 10.50. The beginning of the infantry section will reach the Mograbi at 11.05 and Kikar Hamoshavot at 11.20. Between the armour and the artillery and between the artillery and the booty there will be gaps of 8-12 minutes.

Traffic will be banned from the parade route from the early morning hours, but there will be several crossings of the route kept open for vehicles until half an hour before the parade. Buses will not run on the following routes: 2, 4, 6, 7, 8, 12, 17, 18, 20, 41, 42, 44, 46.

15 Honoured With Israel Prizes

The annual Israel Prizes for the arts and sciences will be awarded at the Hebrew University Campus tomorrow night to 15 men who have made outstanding contributions to their various fields. Two men share the prize for *belles-lettres*, whilst the prize in the exact sciences will be divided among three winners.

The prize for Jewish studies goes to Prof. Haim Schirman; for religious literature, Rabbi Reuben Margaliot; humanities, the late Dr. Y. Levi; *belles-lettres*, M. Ya'akov Fichman and Mr. Uri Zvi Greenberg; literature for the young, Mr. E. Smoli; sociology and law, Mr. P. Daykan (Dickstein); education, Mr. S. Lehman.

In the exact sciences, Prof. S. Hestrin, Dr. Feingold and Mr. Gad Avigad; medical science, Prof. Saud Adler; agriculture, Prof. S. Horowitz; architecture, Mr. D. Carmi; music, Mr. Paul Ben-Haim.

NEGEV WHEAT SILO BUILT IN 9 DAYS

BEERSHEBA, Saturday—The new wheat silo of Hamashbir Hamerkazi's flour mill, one of the biggest in the country, was completed yesterday after only nine days' work. The 140 Solel Boneh builders worked on a 24-hour rota, completing the construction a day ahead of the schedule.

The new silo, which occupies an area of 400 square metres, is 24 metres high and reaches to a depth of eight metres. The superstructure containing storage tanks will be 15 metres high, so that the building will finally be 39 metres tall.

The silo, which will hold over 5,000 tons of corn, or more than half the Negev's crop, was planned by Mr. Joseph Edelman of the Technion.

The mill, which will serve the region from Masmiya to Eilat, will have a daily output of 120 tons, Hamashbir Hamerkazi hopes to put the silo into use before the end of the harvest.

Exports 25% Up

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Exports in the first quarter of 1957 totalled $52.7m., nearly 25 per cent higher than in the same period in the preceding year, the Ministry of Commerce and Industry spokesman said yesterday.

Total exports in the 1956-57 fiscal year reached $113.6m., a considerable increase over the budgetary estimate of $102m.

Agricultural exports in the first quarter of this year were 20 per cent higher, totalling $33.4m. Industrial exports rose by 25 per cent to $10.8m. The export of polished diamonds during the first quarter of the year rose by 40 per cent to $8.4m.

England remains by far the most important customer, mainly because of its citrus imports. It purchased almost one-third of Israel's exports. Next comes the U.S. which takes the larger part of Israel's diamond exports. Belgium seems to have firmly established herself as Israel's third most important purchaser, having bought the remaining diamonds and some citrus to a total value of $4m. West Germany, fourth on the list, took almost $3.8m. worth of Israel goods.

Dayan Honours 5,000 Dead

In his Order of the Day for Memorial Day, the Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Moshe Dayan, pays tribute to the "more than 5,000 of our sons who laid down their lives" in the War of Independence.

"We were victorious, but since then, not a month has elapsed without murder and destruction... From the Kinneret to Sharm e-Sheikh, Kalkilya, Shafrir, Patish, Nahal Oz, Abu Agheila and Rafah, nine years of struggle and bloodshed," he said.

"The memory of our sons and brothers fortifies our covenant with them, to go forward undismayed, blazing the trail, day by day, step by step, by sword and plough for the rebirth of Israel," the Order of the Day concludes.

Memorial to Fallen

At 7.00 a.m. this morning, siren blasts throughout the land will announce the beginning of Memorial Day for those who fell in the fight for the establishment and the continued independence of Israel. Flags on all public buildings will be lowered to half-mast.

During the day, memorials to the fallen will be unveiled. In Tel Aviv, these will include Gan Atzmaut at 9.30, for pilots who fell in the defence of the city, in Gan Hakovshim at 11.30 for defenders of the city and liberators of Jaffa.

At 6.30 p.m., Remembrance Day will conclude with the sounding of a siren, and the immediate commencement of Independence Day celebrations.

The lighting of the memorial torch in front of the Great Synagogue in Tel Aviv at sunset last night heralded Remembrance Day. As a guard of honour composed of Tel Aviv's adopted unit—the Armoured Corps — presented arms, Mayor Haim Levanon and Chief Rabbi I. Unterman paid tribute to the memory of the fallen. Hundreds of bereaved parents recited memorial prayers and the service concluded with the intoning of *El Malei Rahamim*.

At the same time, the Yad Labanim organization held a memorial meeting for the fallen in the ZOA House and in Petah Tikva's Yad Labanim memorial building.

Naval Show for Eilat

EILAT, Saturday.—The Navy will lead Eilat's Independence Day celebrations this year. Ships' sirens will usher in the holiday at 7 p.m. and a firework display from the sea will follow. The Navy will give a display the next morning followed by treats aboard for the children.

Eilat will also enjoy a theatrical performance — "Francois Foll de Carotte" given by the Zira theatre tomorrow evening. On Monday there will be a light athletics programme.

Big Welcome for French Teams

Jerusalem Post Reporter

LYDDA AIRPORT, Saturday. — A special twin-engined French Army plane landed yesterday morning with the French Army football and basketball teams. As the players, led by Gen. Gustave Jarrot, emerged into the brilliant morning sunshine, the waiting Army band struck up the *Marseillaise* and Hatikva.

The contingent was received by a special committee headed by Aluf-Mishne S. Bochar and Sgan-Aluf H. Gayor. Gen. Jarrot then inspected a guard of honour composed of blue-uniformed Air Force men.

As the players, dressed in elegant air force blue and army khaki, filed into their first official reception in the airport dining hall, they were cheered by crowds of airfield personnel.

"As personal representative of my Minister of Defence, M. Bourges-Manoury, I have been asked to convey his thanks and appreciation to your Minister of Defence, and for the invitation to our teams for your Independence Day celebration," Gen. Jarrot said in his address at the reception. The games would bring closer the relations between the two nations' armed forces, he added.

Receive Israel Badges

Aluf-Mishne Bochar welcomed the French team, and as he spoke a group of girl soldiers circulated among the guests, pinning Israel Army badges on their lapels.

The tall young Frenchmen — the loftiest hoopster is 1.92 metres and the shortest 1.83 metres — were impressed by the smart military policewomen who were on hand to keep order.

The football team, which will play tomorrow at the Ramat Gan Stadium at 4.45 p.m., has beaten a Portuguese side recently by 3:1, the trainer, Flight Sergeant André Lejosne, told your reporter. Only 15 days ago in European Army games it drew 1:1 with England and 2:2 with Belgium. The oldest player is 27 years of age, while the average age is 21 years. The basket team, which will appear in the Ramat Gan Stadium on Tuesday will be captained by Antoine Roget, who has played 50 times for the French national side, and was head of the French Olympic team.

The Israel Defence Forces' opposing side would be "a young team," at the expense of stars, Aluf-Mishne Sochar said. Their average age is 20.

As the French guests left for the Ramat Aviv Hotel, they were met by a group of flag-waving children. Gen. Jarrot is staying at the Sharon Hotel.

Kfar Saba Hapoel Stay in the Lead

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — Yesterday's First Division football league games ended with Kfar Saba Hapoel still in the lead.

RESULTS

Rehovot Maccabi, Mahane Yehuda Hapoel 2:1, Jerusalem Hap., Hadera Hap. 2:0, Kiryat Haim Hap., Kfar Saba Hap. 1:0, Rehovot Hap., Tel Aviv Hakoach 4:2, Sha'arayim Mac., Ramat Gan Mac. 2:1, Nahariya Hap., Jerusalem Betar 3:2.

FRIENDLY GAMES

Haifa Hap., Tel Aviv Betar 3:0, Haifa Mac., Jaffa Mac. 2:2.

YOUTH LEAGUE

Haifa Hap., Haifa Mac. 1:0, Tel Hanan Hap., Kiryat Haim Hap. 3:2.

Wrestling Father of 10 Floors 19-year-old

HAIFA, Saturday. — A father of 10 children, 44-year-old Y. Yefet, of Southern Hapoel, beat 19-year-old Misrahi, of Northern Hapoel, in a flyweight wrestling match today. His victory came after one-and-a-half minutes. In the contest, the Southern men beat the North by 9:7.

Aston Villa Beats Man. U. for Cup

Aston Villa beat the English League champions, Manchester United, who played most of the game with 10 men, by 2-1, to clinch the Football Association Challenge Cup for the record seventh time, at the Wembley Empire Stadium before a near 100,000 crowd yesterday.

In frustrating the United, the Villa stymied the Macunians' aim of being the first team this century to pull off the elusive League and Cup "double." They also kept their own record of being the last team to have done this, way back in 1897. *K.B.*

Cables in Brief

COMPOSER. — Mr. Tadeusz Hassern, Polish composer and former consular attache who defected from Poland in 1948, died of cancer in New York on Thursday, aged 53. He was known before World War II as one of Poland's "great young composers."

NUTTING. — The former British Minister of State for Foreign Affairs, Mr. Anthony Nutting, who is now a correspondent of the "New York Herald Tribune," was received in Cairo on Friday by Abdul Nasser. Mr. Nutting resigned from the British Government in protest against the Anglo-French intervention in Egypt last autumn.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

The public is kindly requested to note the CONCERT SCHEDULE for the week May 5-11

Subscription Concert No. 8

Conductor: WALTER SUSSKIND

Soloist: IDA HENDEL (Violin)

TEL AVIV
Ohel Shem Hall, at 8.30 p.m.
Monday, May 6 — "Workers"
Tuesday, May 7 — "Series "2"

HAIFA
Armon Theatre, at 9 p.m.
Wednesday, May 8 — Series "1"
Thursday, May 9 — Series "2"

Only Violin Recital

IDA HENDEL

TEL AVIV
Saturday, May 11 at 8.30 at the Ohel Shem Hall
Tickets at the Orchestra's Office, 56 Allenby Rd., 11-2, 4-6.

JERUSALEM
Saturday, May 18 at 8.30 — Y.M.C.A. Hall
Tickets at Cahana's Office (Zion Square).

The Programme includes Works by Bach, Beethoven, Brahms, Mendelssohn, Paganini, Stravinsky, Dallapiccola, *at the Piano* MOSHE LUSTIG

MATTIWILDA DOBBS (Coloratura-Soprano)
EIN GEV
Wednesday, May 8, at 9 p.m.
Works by Mozart, Handel, Mendelssohn; Arias from "Rigoletto," "La Bohème," "The Barber of Seville"; Negro Spirituals.
at the Piano MOSHE LUSTIG

Tickets at Distr. Council, Zemakh, and at "Kinneret" Co., Tiberias (near Egged).

Subscribers will also please note the dates of
Special Subscription Concert No. 8
TEL AVIV
Ohel Shem Hall, at 8.30 p.m.
Tuesday, May 14 — Series "1"
Thursday, May 16 — Series "2"

CUT OUT AND KEEP!

On Independence Day

MAY 6, 1957

The regular passenger train timetable is cancelled and trains will run as follows:

From Haifa to Tel Aviv Centre (Arlosoroff): 6, 6.30, 7, 7.30, 8.
From Haifa to North Tel Aviv (near the Stadium) 2, 2.30.
From Tel Aviv Centre (Arlosoroff) to Haifa: 12, 12.30, 1, 8.30.
From North Tel Aviv (near Stadium) to Haifa: 7.15, 7.60.
From Jerusalem to South Tel Aviv (near Beit Hadar): 7, 3.30.
From Tel Aviv South (near Beit Hadar) to Jerusalem: 1, 6.
From Beersheba to South Tel Aviv (near Beit Hadar): 7.10, 5.35.
From South Tel Aviv (near Beit Hadar) to Beersheba: 3.

No trains on the Jerusalem-Haifa line

Timetable for other places obtainable at all railway stations.

No reserved seats on Independence Day

ISRAEL RAILWAYS MANAGEMENT

Richards

(Continued from Page 1)

Herzog, Director of the U.S. Division.

The guests then met with Mrs. Meir and Mr. Eshkol. Also present were Mr. Herzog; Mr. Kollek; Mr. Arthur Lourie, Acting Director-General of the Foreign Ministry; Dr. Ya'acov Armon, Director-General of the Finance Ministry, and Mr. Gideon Rafael, Foreign Ministry Counsellor.

Mr. Richards and his party lunched at the U.S. Consulate, then rejoined Mrs. Meir and Mr. Eshkol to continue the talks.

A reception was held for them at the King David Hotel. Rav-Aluf Moshe Dayan, the Chief-of-Staff, was present.

Mr. Richards left from Lydda Airport for North Africa by a U.S. Army Air Force Constellation.

He arrived at the airport at 7.45 p.m. with his entourage. He was seen off by Mr. Lawson and members of the Embassy and U.S.O.M. staff. Mr. Kollek represented the Government.

After the formalities were concluded, Mr. Richards boarded the plane and was joined by Mr. Lawson for a brief talk. When Mr. Lawson stepped off the plane, Mr. Richards' entourage of advisors boarded the aircraft. It took off at 8.30 p.m.

(News agency reports said Mr. Richards arrived in Tunis yesterday.)

B-G to Americans: Don't Worry About Profits

Americans must overcome their complex about making profits in Israel and treat Israel just like any other country, investing here against reasonable returns, the Prime Minister, Mr. David Ben-Gurion, told the members of the Bond Delegation here from the U.S. at a reception at his home in Jerusalem yesterday.

The Prime Minister surveyed the increased housing and development needs of the country in the light of the renewal of mass immigration which he noted consisted of a large number of professionals and skilled workers for the first time since the emergence of the State.

He envisaged the settling of another half a million Jews in the Negev within the next ten years, composed half of Israelis and the other half of newcomers.

The Mayor of Jerusalem, Mr. Gershon Agron, met the group at Motza and escorted them to the capital.

Mr. Theodor Kollek, Director-General of the Prime Minister's Office, and Mrs. Kollek entertained members of the delegation at a party in their Jerusalem home on Friday evening.

Chief Rabbi Yitzhak Nissim received Dr. Joseph J. Schwartz, Vice-President of the Israel Bond Organization, to *kiddush* at his home on Saturday morning.

A SEAMEN'S CLUB, established by the Seamen's Union and the Haifa Municipality, was opened in Haifa on Friday.

Alfons Hammer
7 Rehov Melchett
Haifa

Lisa Lee
"Wyecote" Pine Road
Kenilworth, Capetown

Married

Tel Aviv, May 1, 1957

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Kaiser-Frazer of Israel

Extends Independence Day Greetings

to the President, the Government, Zahal, the Jewish people in Israel and the Diaspora and their esteemed clients.

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State of Israel
Ministry of Agriculture

United Nations
Food Agricultural Organization

The opening session
of the Committee for the Development of
Natural Pastures and Fodder
in Mediterranean countries
will take place on Tuesday, May 7, at 8.30 p.m.
at Z.O.A. House.

SPEAKERS:
K. LOOZ — Minister of Agriculture
H. GIVTAI — Director General of the Ministry of Agriculture
H. LEVANON — Mayor of Tel Aviv-Jaffa
Dr. A. BALAK — Food Agricultural Organization
Dr. R. A. WHITE — Food Agricultural Organization
Dr. MAIMON — European Livestock Organization
Prof. W. C. LOWDERMILK — Hebrew Technion.

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THE TENTH SUMMER

WHEN the guns on Mount Herzl salute the beginning of the 10th year tonight they will be marking **RITUAL OF INDEPENDENCE** the close of one of the most dramatic and fateful years in the existence of the State and the onset of one of the most critical for its future development. The ceremony on the mountain has already become a ritual. It is proper that each birthday of the State should be proclaimed by the Speaker of the Knesset, for the important thing about Israel is that it is a true democracy. The squalid tale of intrigue, dictatorship and murder in the lands around serves to point up the degree of political maturity and stability achieved by Israel.

The guard provided by Israel's Defence Forces, also truly an army of the people, is the indication that the democracy is sustained, not by a professional force which lives apart from the nation, but by the people themselves.

The third element in the ritual is the demonstration of the fact that Israel is a nation constituted through the ingathering of the exiles. It was the longing of the scattered tribes of the Jewish people for Zion throughout the ages that recreated the State, and it is the need and desire of those who seek a secure home either for the spirit or the body which is building the State at an extraordinary pace and at the same time presenting it with its gravest problems.

Indeed these three elements constituted the history of the ninth year of Statehood. It was the era when the men of Israel showed in Sinai that this nation was not expendable to make a stepping stone for the ambitions of a grasping dictator, or to provide a counter in the march of totalitarianism into the Middle East and into the outward bastions of Western democracy. It was also the year in which the strong right arm of Israel broke the stranglehold on our commerce through the southern port of Eilat and prepared the way for a great economic advance by free passage of our shipping through the Straits of Eilat.

It was the year in which the morale of the people was tested and found strong not so much in victory as in the painful process of withdrawal under duress that followed. That was not defeat for Israel, which had thrown off the danger of attack, but for the whole constitutional position of the Western world and the U.N. on which the hopes for a peaceful future are based.

The tenth year of the State will be the year of a new wave of immigration and perhaps will show the fulfilment of a hope deferred for nearly two generations: the return of an appreciable portion of the sundered Jews of Europe to their homeland and therefore to positive contact with the Jewish people.

This year of the new ingathering of the exiles will not be an easy one. It will be, as the months go by, increasingly a year of stringency, of sacrifice, and of an all-out effort to achieve that measure of economic viability upon which the whole capacity of Israel to absorb the new immigration will depend.

In this struggle there is one solid fact upon which our hard-pressed State will find, as it did last year, a rock upon which to build. That is the support of Jewry throughout the world. Never, even in the year of the War of Liberation, has the Jewish world rallied so well to the cause of Israel. The presence in this country of delegations from the U.S. Bond Drive and from Canada with others to come is an earnest that Israel and the Diaspora are one in the determination that this tenth critical year of Statehood will prove one of its most constructive.

ISRAEL is a people to whom nothing is freely given. Its sovereignty, its narrow land, its scanty water, its capital city, the safety of its homes and lives, its membership in the international family, its commerce with other countries, its maritime access to half the world—gifts which other nations inherit at their birth are, for us, the fruit of bitter contest. Her difficulties are the only possessions of Israel which nobody has ever tried to take away.

The strife is waged on the scene of diplomacy without respite or repose; and sometimes it erupts into harsher areas. In the sequel to the Sinai campaign Israel's quest for security has held the central place in the preoccupation of the world. For nearly five months the mind of nations was arrested by an urgent dialogue between a small people claiming its minimal tranquility and a world society which for eight years had let Israel sustain its perils in solitude.

In its international relations, as in other aspects of its fortune, Israel lives in a world of sharp contrasts. "This people" says a Hebrew tradition, "is like unto the stars of heaven — and unto the dust of the earth." There is nothing like the savagery of our neighbours' hatred; but we are also reached by affections of unique tenderness and ardour. Indifference is the only emotion which Israel has never evoked during these unforgettable years of her resurgence.

It is not certain that the second decade will be less turbulent than the first. Arab hostility is the primary cause of Israel's crisis; her other difficulties are secondary results. There are no peoples, and few governments, whose spontaneous attitude to Israel would not be trustful and benevolent, were it not for the competitive bombardment of an Arab rancour which establishes hostility to Israel as the price of Arab friendship. No government of conscience can fully pay this price; but the very disposition to strike a bargain in this invidious market corrupts the true relations of Israel with her neighbours and with the world. Being unable to mitigate the Arab assault, Israel has at least contrived to resist it.

Israel's first decade is the story of this resistance; not only of its strains and hazards, but also of its victory. Those who live in siege must either perish or develop attributes to fit their dangers. The assault of Arab violence sharpened Israel's military qualities — a strange result for a people whose nationalism was founded on the Hebrew pacific tradition and on the pastoral liberalism of nineteenth century Europe. The denial of immigration and settlement inspired Israel to join, and win, the battle for political sovereignty earlier than had once been envisaged. The Arab boycott forced Israel to seek its markets and sources of supply in distant lands. Above all, the daily peril sharpened every impulse of union, caused patriotism to glow with a fervent heat, and thus became the anvil on which the people's inner strength was beaten out like tempered steel. If Israel is truly founded on its own energy of spirit, then Arab nationalism is amongst Israel's architects.

But there is no greater fallacy than that which would speak of Israel's "isolation."

By Abba Eban
Israel Ambassador to the United States

Against the vehement challenge of the Arab world we have established relations in diplomacy and commerce with the majority of other states in the Old World and the New. Israel's friendships reach into every continent, and make this small land the focus of a universal emotion. Indeed, the aspect of universality is the first amongst Israel's attainments. Wherever the eyes of men fall upon her they are carried beyond the little slice of land and the immediate point of time into a domain of memory where everything speaks of breadth and grandeur. The historic idea extends the frontiers of the geographical fact.

A people poorly endowed by geography will naturally cultivate every inch of its garden with intensity and thrift. New vistas open up for Israel with international recognition of the right of free passage in the Gulf of Akaba and the Straits of Tiran. A long Mediterranean coast line and access to the Red Sea compensate Israel for her territorial confinement.

Uniting the eastern and western oceans across a small strip of land, Israel can become a bridge across which the commerce of nations will flow between the two continental expanses—Asia and Africa on the one hand and Europe and America on the other.

The nations of Asia and Europe, in their turn, can be liberated from exclusive reliance on the Suez Canal as the sole link between the Mediterranean and the Red Sea. Israel can emulate other states of small territory which have achieved a measure of strength and economic influence through the realization of their maritime opportunities.

Three thousand years ago the ships of King Solomon sailed both these oceans — to Tyre and Sidon on the Mediterranean, and to the coasts of Sheba from Ezion Geber, which is Eilat. Today, which the opening of its southern window, Israel need not be limited to its predominantly European and American outlook in culture and communications. Clearly this is a supreme national interest — one which Israel will defend to the ultimate point of tenacity and resistance.

The shape of Israel to come emerges only dimly along the road of the future. Much depends on whether our neighbours cease to surround us with malice and rancour. Since 1948 the area of Arab sovereignty has grown in a massive expansion which makes nonsense of this perpetual, avaricious envy directed against Israel's meagre portion. But there is no sign that the tempest will abate. It is better, of course, that Israel should flourish in peace with her neighbours; but nobody should underestimate her capacity to flourish in any case.

The tenth year is still embattled, but its vision is not without radiance. The 20th will find Israel with its third million of population, with the Negev and Galilee abloom, with Jordan waters carried southward to the dry places. The pulse of commerce will beat strongly between Eilat and the eastern continents, while the links grow tighter between Israel and her own Mediterranean world. Nuclear and solar energy will bring freedom from the servitudes of imported oil, and give Israel a horizon as broad as its scientific disciplines can reach. The Hebrew faith and tradition will gain new strength everywhere through the emanation of Israel's example.

These achievements are all within Israel's power. Peace, the final gift, is in the hand of others, although its pursuit is still amongst the first laws of Israel's policy.

The first decade hands on the unfinished tasks. But it will never be eclipsed in Israel's memory; for in the eyes of an aged weary people it rekindled the splendour of a youthful dawn.

From Mr. Eban's book to be published tomorrow: "The Voice of Israel."

MEMORIAL TO FALLEN AIRMEN

This monument to the memory of the airmen who fell in the defence of Tel Aviv in 1948 will be unveiled in Gan Ha'atsmaut tomorrow, Independence Day. The sandstone base is designed to connect the monument with its surroundings; the pillar is of concrete, and the bird of steel. The monument was created by Abba Elhanani, the architect, and Benjamin Tammuz, the sculptor, winners of a national competition for the best design. It cost IL25,000 and took a year to erect.

Envoy Welcomed But Not Mission

Haboker (General Zionist) writes that Mr. Richards, as well as certain planners of American policy, would do well to come here unencumbered by missions and duties, and study the situation for themselves. They would find that it is not only economic aid that the region needs, and that Israel is the only country here that can be relied upon to stand by democracy.

Davar (Histadrut) writes that though there have been many differences of opinion between us and the United States, we feel that basically we are still good friends. As for the Doctrine, the paper reiterates an argument it set forth some time ago explaining that Israel is predominantly engaged with the task of ingathering her exiles, most of whom are in the eastern bloc countries, so that we must under no circumstances antagonize them.

Lamerhav (Ahdut Haavoda), which trusts that the talks will be of a purely informative nature, states that the greater part of the Israel public had hoped that Mr. Richards would skip us altogether, since the vital needs of our State do not tally with the political objectives underlying his mission. The inter-bloc contest for positions of strength and influence in the Middle East is at the root of the regional tensions and the extent to which the Doctrine expresses yet another phase in the cold war only increases the danger. Any agreement on the Doctrine, official or semi-official, that can be interpreted as Israel's supporting one bloc against the other in this battle of titans in the Middle East is unthinkable. Thus, Israel gladly welcomes the messenger but will have to reject the "message."

No Embroilment

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) opens by saying that Israel is a hospitable State and is prepared to chat with the ambassador or representative of any country with which it maintains diplomatic relations. But she may not, nay, cannot, approve of anything that may embroil it in the East-West cold war; on the contrary, efforts must be made to exclude this region from the zone of conflict.

Herut takes this opportunity to ask Mr. Richards to confirm or deny the Alsop charge that the American Sixth Fleet has been sent to these parts as a warning to Israel; to explain how it is that America is sending arms to the Arabs but none to Israel. Further, the paper would like to know whether it is the Doctrine's aim to defend the region against external aggression or whether it is meant to help the U.S. fill the vacuum left here by the British and their policy of winning over the Arabs at Israel's expense.

With a seven-column banner headline over the paper's masthead reading "Richards, *histalek*," and as an afterthought "Go home" in English, **Kol Ha'am** (Communist) reports that a giant mass rally against Mr. Richards' arrival was held in Tel Aviv a short while after he landed at Lydda purporting to speak for the people of Israel. **Kol Ha'am** notes that Richards arrived here after his visit was reported to have been cancelled and that he was invited here by the Prime Minister, who consulted neither his Coalition colleagues nor the Knesset on the matter. "Like thieves in the night" is the way the paper characterizes the procedure, pointing out that while Israel will not be prevailed upon to adhere to the Eisenhower Doctrine, the mere fact that she is ready to discuss it at all is intended to influence the Arab countries.

Hatzofe (World Mizrahi) hinges its comment on Mr. Richards' avowal of the "adherence of the United States to the principle of non-interference in the affairs of other nations" and goes on to say that had it not been for the Powers' intervention here and their desire to increase their strength and influence, there would be no tension in the region. In addition, intervention strengthens aggressive regimes and encourages blackmail. On this occasion, while nothing conclusive can be arrived at on the Doctrine itself, it would be in place to ask Mr. Richards to clarify American policy for us and perhaps restore mutual confidence between the two countries. Israel is truly interested in real American amity.

Friday's Press

Happy Birthday!

By EPHRAIM KISHON

It is a country so tiny that there is no room to write its name on a map of the world.

It is the only country in the world which is financed by its taxpayers abroad.

It is a country of boundless boundaries.

It is a country where mothers learn the mother-tongue from their children.

It is a country where people write Hebrew, read English and speak Yiddish.

It is a country where everybody has the right to speak his mind, but there is no law forcing anybody to listen.

It is a country where you can buy anything in the world for your money — except an apartment, which is expensive.

It is a country where any babe-in-arms may contradict his father's political views.

It is a country of elections but no alternatives.

It is a country which is an organic part of its trade unions.

It is a country where a slip of paper can move mountains, but the mountains beget speeches.

It is a country where nobody wants to work, so they build a new town in three days' time and go idle the rest of the week.

It is a country which produces less than it eats, and yet, of all countries, nobody ever died of hunger here.

It is a country where no one expects miracles, but everyone takes them for granted.

It is a country where one calls ministers simply "Moishe" — and then almost dies with the excitement of it.

It is the only country in the region whose political regime is the bus co-operative.

It is a country whose survival is permanently endangered, yet its inhabitants' ulcers are caused by the neighbours upstairs.

It is a country where every human being is a soldier, yet every soldier is a human being.

It is a country that is nine years old, but as clever and experienced as if it were at least 10.

It is the only country in which I could live.

MUSICAL DIARY

Israel Philharmonic Orchestra. Shalom Riklis, conductor; Rema Samsonov, mezzo-soprano (Kol Yisrael Broadcast from the Kerem Hall, Beersheba, May 2). Menahem Avidom: Fifth Symphony — "The Song of Eilat."

MR. Avidom's newest work got its premiere as the *pièce d'occasion* at a festive concert in Beersheba. It is actually a Solo Cantata and not a symphony, for the orchestra has very little to say on its own and the voice is predominant throughout. Unfortunately few words were intelligible, (at least over the air), and the writer of lyrics was not mentioned at all during and after the broadcast. (I missed the opening announcement.) It might have been a good idea to have the words read before the piece was played for a better understanding of the work's intention.

Rema Samsonov performed the not too easy solo part with her usual dexterity though her voice did not sound her normal self this time. Shalom Riklis seemed to have the orchestra under control. The engineers did a good job, considering that they must have been unaccustomed to the hall with its intricate acoustics and the limited time they had for a balanced rehearsal.

Ninth Chamber Music Concert of the Jerusalem Chamber Music Society and Musicians Association. Bracha Eden and Alexander Wolkowisky, Duo Pianists (Beit Hillel, April 27). J.S. Bach-Busbin: Sonata in C-minor; J.S. Bach: Chorale; Brahms, Variations on a Theme by Haydn; Schubert: Variations, op. 82, No. 2; Chopin: Rondo, op 73 in C-major; Khatchaturian: Suite.

IN their endeavour to vary the programmes of their rare appearances this time the artists included some works which cannot hold much interest, like the Chopin Rondo, a very minor composition of his early days, and the Khatchaturian suite, a lot of noise about nothing at all. But the Bach Sonata was given a reading which has improved since their last concert in clearness and smooth. ness and the Brahms-Haydn was accorded a competent interpretation. The "Chorale" by Bach is not a chorale at all but an arrangement of an aria that is beautiful even in this form.

As on one previous occasion, the Schubert Variations (for four hands) gave us the greatest satisfaction, for it was in it that, apart from the brilliant playing, the pianists appeared the most relaxed. There seems to be no justification for their tense stage behaviour for their technical standard and their experience as a team are surely good enough to allow them more natural ease which in turn is more conducive to enjoyable listening.

Y. BOEHM

Israel Philharmonic Orchestra Eighth Subscription Concert. Walter Susskind, conductor; Ida Haendel, violin (Ohel Shem, April 30).

SINCE his last visit here, in 1954, Mr. Susskind seems to have extracted deeper meaning from the works he conducts. Both orchestral items on the programme — the Brahms Tragic Overture and Dvorak's Brahmsian symphony No. 2 (now believed to be the seventh he wrote) — were accorded an incisive and flowing performance with a good deal of *élan*.

Miss Hendel played Walton's violin concerto — a work in which the composer obviously tries to explore all the possibilities of violin playing—with immaculate technique, sound musicianship and utter conviction. Her tone had the beauty we knew from her previous appearances but seemed somewhat veiled this time.

The orchestra and conductor were in fine balance throughout the concert, giving the violinist impeccable support.

Vocal Recital by Mattiwilda Dobbs, coloratura soprano. At the piano, Moshe Lustig (Ohel Shem, April 27).

MISS Dobbs' voice volume is not very large but the penetrating quality of its timbre is such that it carries to every corner of the hall. Moreover, she controls her amazing breathing technique with superb virtuosity.

She opened her recital with a Mozart Group ("Ridene la Caima," "Oiseaux si tous les ans," "Un moto di gioia") and airs by Handel ("Care selve," from "Atlanta" and "Oh, Had I Jubal's Lyre" from "Joshua") which she modelled with classical mastery.

This was followed by a group of five songs by Mendelssohn, which Miss Dobbs sang in German (all the works were performed in the language of their origin) and were of sheer delight.

The second part of the programme was dedicated to five Negro Spirituals and to "Four Songs of Ronsard" by Milhaud. No need to emphasize that the Negro Songs were projected in a most convincing manner. As for the Milhaud cycle, which is extremely difficult in its coloratura texture, Miss Dobbs probably did the best the human voice could do with them.

Special praise must go to Moshe Lustig for his collaboration. This young artist has achieved a perfection with which he could match any accompanist of international fame.

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Volunteers Who Stayed

By Sam Levin

MOST of the volunteers of the 1948 *Mahal* period (*Mitnadvei Hutz La'aretz*) came to this country for the purpose of helping to save it from destruction and to participate in the struggle of the Jewish people to defend its newly-won national autonomy. True, some of them had been ardent Zionists and leaders in Zionist youth groups, and would have come as immigrants even if hostilities had not broken out, but they were clearly in the minority.

By and large, these volunteers served the cause with distinction. There were many difficulties in their way, apart from the necessity of doing battle with a numerically superior army. They did not speak the Hebrew language; in many cases they failed to understand the historical background of the cause; they came from well-trained and well-supplied armies and had to fit in to an ill-equipped and raggedly organized force which had arisen overnight from the underground.

Little wonder that there were innumerable sources of minor irritation. But many of these volunteers nevertheless became attracted to this country.

Scarcely had territorial groups, therefore, begun to organize welfare work among the volunteers from their respective countries, when they had to turn their attention to the more difficult problems of rehabilitation and resettlement. It was only in the middle of 1948 that *Mahalim* reached this country in appreciable numbers. Six months later they were being discharged in their hundreds and many scores of them were seeking an opportunity of establishing themselves in civilian life.

Israel in 1949 had many serious problems to tackle for which it was not prepared. Immigrant groups, therefore, were obliged to take their fate into their own hands.

Early in 1949, the British, the Americans, the South Africans, Canadians, South Americans and others, set up their own *Mahal* Settlement Departments coordinating their activities and consulting one another mutually at meetings of the Resettlement Section of the Army's *Mahal* Division.

What were the principal problems in 1949? Strangely enough it was not employment that worried these ex-fighters. At that time Israel was short of labour in every field, and employment was usually the secondary concern. The chief problem was housing. And it was soon realized that if the housing shortage could not be overcome, all these plans of *Mahal* settlement would have to be abandoned.

The first task that the *landsmannschaften* tackled, therefore, was that of accommodation. The better established South African group was first in the field with an allocation of land from the Jewish National Fund, and they built a number of apartments in Tel Aviv, cutting down prices to about two-thirds of the market rate by importing their own materials and engaging their own contractors. The other groups promoted a joint housing scheme at Hadar Yosef.

Naturally, each home-owner was required to put up some of the cash himself. Where was the rest to come from? After painstaking debates, a solution was reached. Arrangements were made with the Keren Hayesod to allocate part of the emergency funds raised in countries abroad for rehabilitation. Ex-*Mahal* men were to receive loans for constructive purposes, including housing, to be repaid over a long term of years of moderate rates of interest. One or two countries added to these loans cash grants based upon the number of months actually served.

Co-operative Effort

A large proportion of the veterans went into cooperative effort. Soldier comrades formed their associations while serving in the forces. Two or three large groups emerged of men and women who had determined to form new agricultural settlements. Of these, Moshav Habonim is the largest and is still flourishing today, although many of the foundation members have departed and other immigrants have taken their place. Dozens of kibbutzim welcomed bronzed ex-Maquis, or English-speaking recruits with their Cockney, Brooklyn or Afrikaans accents.

Not all the cooperatives were agricultural. There were business groups and others providing skilled professional services to the public. "*Mahalim*" with a spirit of adventure joined fishing and shipping groups. Individuals launched out as private farmers, teachers, insurance agents, journalists, advertising managers, engineers, businessmen and industrialists. Doctors and nurses continued to serve in civilian hospitals.

Many of these *Mahal* volunteers were persuaded to lend their services to the armed forces for an additional period. It should be remembered that a number of them came to this country handpicked because of their specialized military training, and it was only natural that Israel's young air force and certain branches of the army should invite them to remain on in permanent service in order to build up Israel's defences in peacetime. Many of them, therefore, could be found with the security forces several years after their voluntary enlistment came to an end and to this day some of our "*Mahalim*" occupy key positions. Many experienced pilots, navigators, air-mechanics and ground staff subsequently left the air force which they helped to develop and went into the service of Israel's national airline. A growing number of El Al's locally resident captains are former *Mahal* volunteers.

Those who came to Israel in the 1948 war were only a small fraction of the number who had wanted to serve. They were selected primarily because of their experience in World War II. By 1948 many of these veterans had had a taste of civilian life, had married and started families. Inevitably the problem of resettlement involved wives and children who accompanied their menfolk or followed them after hostilities ceased. *Mahal* resettlement, therefore, also brought to this country a large number of young wives whose attachment to Israel differed radically from that of their husbands.

The collective housing schemes that were erected and the tendency towards clannishness and complete segregation were severely criticized by neighbours who accused these newcomers of perpetuating their *Galut* mentality. Actually this attitude was very superficial and upon analysis could not be justified. Other immigrant groups have manifested the same natural instinct of seeking out companions coming from the same environment and undergoing the same social and economic upheaval. It is not sufficiently appreciated by the old-timers in Israel to what extent current newcomers, especially from Western countries, have to revolutionize their thinking and way of life in order to become adjusted to conditions here.

Mahal Absorbed

It is true that the *Mahal* resettlement schemes created several little colonies of people speaking foreign languages and perpetuating many of the social habits in which they had been nurtured. The past eight years, however, have proved that much of this criticism was ill-conceived. After a few years, many of the "*Mahalim*" moved to other quarters, the housing schemes lost their foreign character, the children grew up with Hebrew as their mother tongue. Steadily the newcomers assimilated into the totality of Israel life.

Some "*Mahalim*" had to give up after years and return to their countries of origin. By far the majority who saw through the first year of civilian life took root and remained, and in 1955 and the subsequent years we began to witness the return to Israel again of some of those whose first attempt at settlement did not succeed. On arrival here a second time they have been not a little surprised to find how completely their former comrades in arms have become integrated.

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